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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/555,233	07/13/2000	AKITOSHI KOJIMA	P-9904 S 1035		
10/23/2003 LACKENBACH SIEGEL MARZULLO ARONSON & GREENSPAN LACKENBACH SIEGEL BUILDING ONE CHASE ROAD SCARSDALE, NY 10583			EXAMINER		
			MOORTHY, ARAVIND K		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2131		
			DATE MAILED: 10/23/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				PP-9				
		Application No.	Ap	plicant(s)				
. Office Action Summary		09/555,233	ко	JIMA, AKITOSHI				
		Examiner	Art	Unit				
	•	Aravind K Moort	hy 213	31				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any n	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, usions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply with eply received by the Office later than three months after digital patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, how ication. days, a reply within the statutory mintory period will apply and will expire I, by statute, cause the application to the mailing date of this communication.	ever, may a reply be timely fil- nimum of thirty (30) days will to SIX (6) MONTHS from the m to become ABANDONED (35	ed be considered timely. sailing date of this communication. U.S.C. § 133).				
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on $\frac{6/23}{2}$						
2a)[This action is FINAL . 2b	o)⊠ This action is non-f	nai.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the ap	pplication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	withdrawn from consider	ation.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 July 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) 🔲 🗀	The proposed drawing correction filed			by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
·	The oath or declaration is objected to b	y the Examiner.		·				
•	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pap		Notice of Informal Pater	O-413) Paper No(s) nt Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The following title is suggested: Network Authentication System Using Individual Service Providers and an Authentication Server.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 1, 5, 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1 is directed towards a network system comprising a plurality of individual service providers each having access points and a parallel service provider connected to the plurality of individual service providers and an authentications server. A review of the specifications reveals that elements are entirely software and includes no tangible elements. The examiner suggests incorporation of a computer or a computer readable medium to avoid this rejection.

Claims 2-4 add additional software elements or more detail to elements recited in claim

1.

Claims 5 is directed towards determining by the access point whether the user is a member of an individual service provider, executing user authentication processing by the access point itself when the user is a member of the individual service provider, connecting the user to a

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network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing, causing the parallel service provider to execute user authentication processing when the user is a member of the parallel service provider, and connecting the user to the network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing. A review of the specifications reveals that elements are entirely software and includes no tangible elements. The examiner suggests incorporation of a computer or a computer readable medium to avoid this rejection.

Claims 6 and 7 add additional software elements or more detail to elements recited in claim 5.

Claims 8 is directed towards determining whether an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and any one of a plurality of predetermined sub-domains has been registered and means for determining an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and another sub-domain has been registered. A review of the specifications reveals that elements are entirely software and includes no tangible elements. The examiner suggests incorporation of a computer or a computer readable medium to avoid this rejection.

Claims 9 is directed towards means for determining whether the user is a regular member of a provider with which the user contracts or a partnership member under a given contract with the provider, means for, when the user is a regular member, executing user authentication processing and connecting the user to a network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing; and means for, when the user is a partnership member, transferring a connection request to a specified authentication server, and executing user authentication processing and connecting the user to the network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing. A review of the specifications reveals that elements are entirely software and includes no

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tangible elements. The examiner suggests incorporation of a computer or a computer readable medium to avoid this rejection.

Claims 10 and 11 add additional software elements or more detail to elements recited in claim 9.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 1-3 and 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Lin et al U.S. Patent No. \$6,282,575 B1.

As to claim 1, Lin et al suggests a network system comprising a plurality of individual service providers each having access points [column 4, lines 34-45]. Lin et al discloses a parallel service provider connected to the plurality of individual service providers and including an authentication server [figure 2 and accompanying description]. Lin et al discloses that the access point of the individual service providers receives a connection request from a user who contracts

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with the parallel service provider, the providers cause the authentication server to perform user authentication and connect the user to a network through the access point in accordance with a result of the authentication [column 4, lines 34-45].

As to claim 2, Lin et al discloses that the user who contracts with the parallel service provider send a connection request containing a domain name of the parallel service provider to the access point [column 4, lines 34-45]. Lin et al discloses that the access point determines whether the user contracts with the parallel service provider in accordance with presence or absence of the domain name [column 2, lines 1-10].

As to claim 3, Lin et al suggests that the parallel service provider is connected to the plurality of individual service providers through an exclusive line [figure 2 and accompanying description].

As to claim 9, Lin et al discloses a connection request issued from a user [figure 3 and accompanying description]. Lin et al discloses determining whether the user is a regular member of a provider with which the user contracts or a partnership member under a given contract with the provider [figure 3 and accompanying description]. Lin et al discloses that when the user is a regular member, executing user authentication processing and connecting the user to a network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing [figure 3 and accompanying description]. Lin et al discloses that when the user is a partnership member, transferring a connection request to a specified authentication server, and executing user authentication processing and connecting the user to the network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing [column 4, lines 34-45].

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As to claim 10, Lin et al discloses that the partnership member inserts a predetermined domain name in the connection request [column 2, lines 1-10]. Lin et al discloses that the determining means determines whether the user is the partnership member in accordance with presence or absence of the domain name in the connection request [figure 3 and accompanying description].

As to claim 11, Lin et al suggests that the specified authentication server is connected to network connection devices of a plurality of companies and used in common [figure 2 and accompanying description].

4. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Partridge, III U.S. Patent No. 5,384,848 (hereinafter Partridge).

As to claim 5, Partridge discloses sending a connection request from a user to an access point of any one of a plurality of individual service providers [column 7, lines 45-52]. Partridge discloses determining by the access point whether the user is a member of an individual service provider including the access point or a member of a parallel service provider that contracts with the plurality of individual service providers [column 3, lines 18-35]. Partridge discloses executing user authentication processing by the access point itself when the user is a member of the individual service provider [column 3 line 40 to column 4 line 48]. Partridge discloses connecting the user to a network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing [column 3 line 40 to column 4 line 48]. Partridge discloses causing the parallel service provider to execute user authentication processing when the user is a member of the parallel service provider [column 4 line 43 to column 5 line 47]. Partridge discloses connecting the user to the

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network in accordance with a result of the authentication processing [column 4 line 43 to column 5 line 47].

As to claim 6, Partridge suggests that the user who contracts with the parallel service provider send a connection request containing a domain name of the parallel service provider to the access point [figure 2 and accompanying description]. Partridge discloses that the access point determines whether the user contracts with the parallel service provider in accordance with presence or absence of the domain name [figure 2 and accompanying description].

5. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wayback Machine.

As to claim 8, Wayback Machine suggests that when a user name is input, determining whether an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and any one of a plurality of predetermined sub-domains has been registered. Wayback Machine suggest that when the electronic mail address has been registered, determining an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and another sub-domain has been registered, whereby setting an electronic mail address and including a combination of a sub-domain not registered and a user name.

The examiner asserts that Wayback Machine was used to show that hotmail was in use prior to the priority date. The examiner asserts that hotmail determines whether an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and any one of a plurality of predetermined sub-domains has been registered. Hotmail also determines an electronic mail address including a combination of the user name and another sub-domain has been registered, whereby setting an electronic mail address and including a combination of a sub-domain not registered and a user name.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 4 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Partridge, III U.S. Patent No. 5,384,848 (hereinafter Partridge) as applied to claims 1 and 5 above, and further in view of Carnegie et al U.S. Patent No. 5,745,884.

As to claims 4 and 7, Partridge does not teach that the plurality of individual service providers sends respective user connection recordings to the parallel service provider.

Carnegie et al teaches that service providers send respective user connection recordings to the parallel service provider [figure 3 and accompanying description].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Partridge so that the service providers would have sent out user connection recordings to the parallel service provider.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Partridge by the teaching of Carnegie et al because it helps operators of such networks to facilitate collection of revenues for service [column 3, lines 47-54].

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Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aravind K Moorthy whose telephone number is 703-305-1373. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R Sheikh can be reached on 703-305-9648. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-1373.

Aravind K Moorthy October 14, 2003

FRANTZ B. JEAN PRIMARY EXAMINER